





THROTTLE CONTROL Increased RPM control

FINE PITCH DIAL

Precise pitch adjustment

SAFETY SWITCH

LIFTING HOOK Safely lift and transport

Will shut the tool off and ensure trowel stops under 270 degrees of rotation protecting user

ADJUSTABLE HANDLEBAR

Easily adjust height of handlebar to provide more comfort

ONE-KEY™ COMPATIBLE

Track and manage

LOW NOISE

76dB

ROTATING GUARD RING

Finish within 1/8" of obstacle and get close to edges without marks or damages



MILWAUKEE[®] cordless equipment is amazing to use on the jobsite.

 Field Laborer participating in the Jobsite Pilot Study





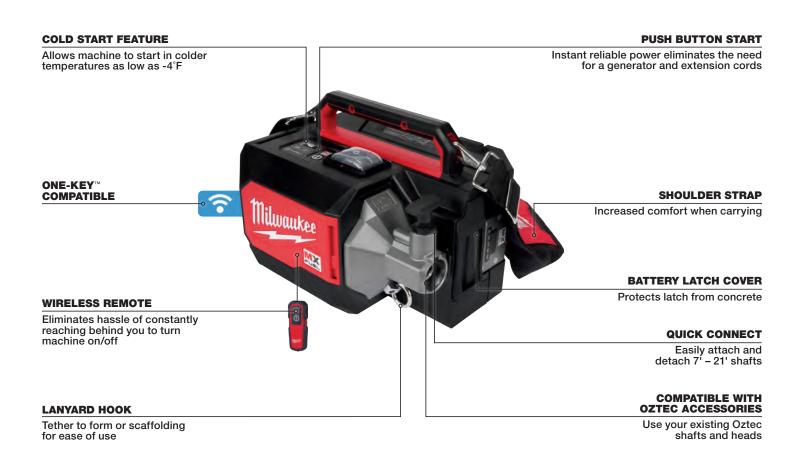
-Field Laborer participating in the Jobsite Pilot Study





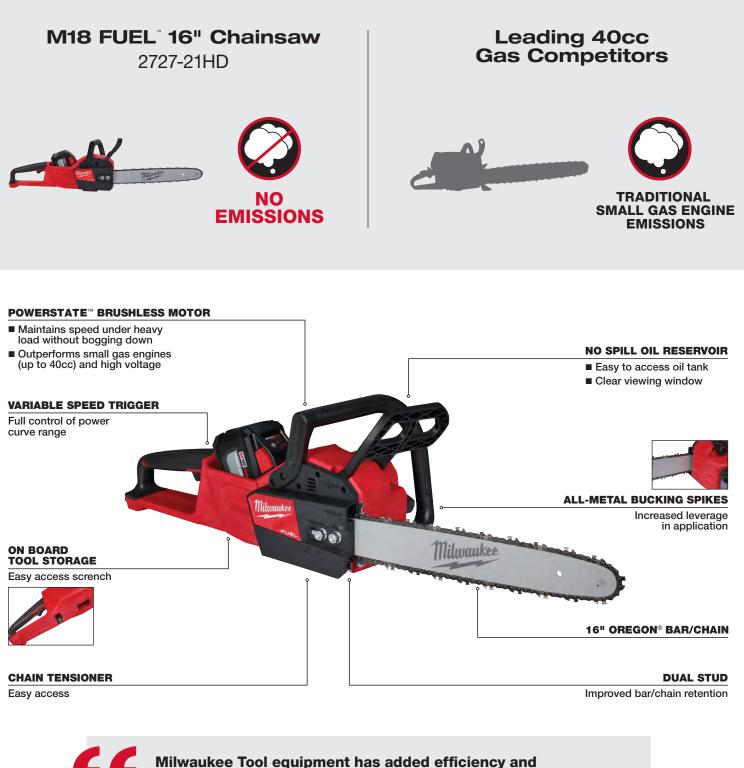








MILWAUKEE TOOL Equipment Conversions



Milwaukee Tool equipment has added efficiency and productivity in our day-to-day activities. The variety of tools and compatibility of the battery packs have contributed to a majority of the daily tasks we encounter on our jobsites.

-Superintendent participating in the Jobsite Pilot Study





As the six-month pilot program wrapped up, superintendents were more than ready to start implementing cordless MILWAUKEE® solutions on the jobsite permanently, especially after hearing from their people using the tools and equipment every day. The company continues to invest in the adoption of cordless MILWAUKEE® solutions on their sites with the hope of having a cordless site strategy for all future projects.

MILWAUKEE® has been leading innovation in battery-powered tool technology for nearly two decades.

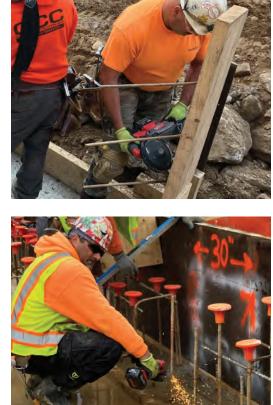
As MILWAUKEE® progresses on its sustainability journey, it continues to disrupt the fossil fuel power tool industry, providing users with innovative solutions that reduce reliance on gas and emissions on jobsites throughout the country. 66

Once I got a flavor for Milwaukee ToolThey're great, MILWAUKEE® raised the level, and is an advanced organization that we were very happy to partner with. Milwaukee's vision into the future and growth within sustainability is really attractive. The collaboration we had was a really positive experience

 Senior Vice President & General Superintendent for the company participating in the Jobsite Pilot Study













CONSTRUCTION EMISSIONS



CO

Carbon monoxide is produced when fossil fuels burn without enough oxygen. It is poisonous when inhaled because it combines with hemoglobin, the oxygen-carrying substance in red blood cells. Workers can be exposed to carbon monoxide when using petrol powered equipment in enclosed spaces.



NO₂

Nitrogen dioxide is a gas produced during the combustion of fossil fuels. Short-term exposure to concentrations of NO_2 can cause inflammation of the airways and increase susceptibility to respiratory infections and to allergens.



Ozone

Ozone is found naturally in the atmosphere. Most ground-level ozone is a secondary pollutant formed by the action of sunlight on volatile organic compounds in the presence of nitrogen dioxide.



Sulfur Dioxide

Sulfur dioxide is a colorless, nonflammable gas with a penetrating odor that irritates the eyes and air passages. The most common sources of sulfur dioxide include fossil fuel combustion.



Hydrocarbons

Hydrocarbon volatile organic compounds include methane and benzene. Methane contributes to global warming and ground level ozone. 80% of man-made emissions of benzene come from petrol engines. Benzene causes harmful effects on the bone marrow and a decrease in red blood cells. It can also cause excessive bleeding and affect the immune system.



Particulates

A major source of particulates are combustion engines, which produce particles when fuels are burned or lubricants used up in the engine.



CASE STUDY References, Calculations, Methodology

Fuel Prie	ces (FP)		Suggested Values	;
FP (PMG) FP (SMG)	: Self-Mix	ed Gas Price (Per Gallon) ed Gas Price (Per Gallon) Price * 0.98) + (Oil Price * 0.02)	S	ta Sourced From
Fuel Cos GF	 st (per year) = GF * FP : Gallons of Fuel Consumed / Year 		FP (SMG) ∫ globalpetrolprices.com	
FP Emissio	: Fuel Prio ns (per ye	e (Above) ar) = GF * EF		
GF	Gal. of F	etermined Fuel Consumed / Year	 According to a report published by the United Nations Environment Programme. According to a benchmark global study from Global Construction Perspectives and Oxford Economics. Based on data and calculations by FuelEconomy.gov Source: Federal Reg. EPA ; 40 CFR Part 98; e-CFR, Table C-1 CO₂ Emissions based on emissions factors for one gallon of fuel according to the United States Environmental Protection 	
	CO ₂ Em Gas Pov	CO₂ / Gallon of Fuel ission Factor for vered Products ⁴		
EF (CH ₄)(GAS)	Si : 2.85 g CH ₄ / Gallon of Fuel CH ₄ Emission Factor for Gas Powered Products ⁵		Agency (EPA): Emission Factors for Greenhouse Gas Inventories. The emissions factors (shown above) represent combustion emissions only (tank-to-wheel) and do not represent upstream emissions or well-to-wheel emissions. ^{5,6} Source: Federal Reg. EPA; 40 CFR Part 98; e-CFR, Table C-1,	
EF (N ₂ O)(GAS)	: 1.47 g N₂O / Gallon of Fuel N ₂ O Emission Factor for Gas Powered Products ⁶		Table C-2, and table AA-1 The factors represented in the table above represent combustion emissions only (tank-to-wheel) and do not represent upstream emissions or well-to-wheel emissions.	
Projected Annual Runtime Annual projections estimated using data collected using on-site trackers on generators		Generator Idle Time Annual projections estimated using data collected through on-site trackers placed on generators	Projected Annual Fuel Usage Based on fuel consumption and run power data for the generators being tracked on-site.	Projected Annual Fuel Cost Data sourced from globalpetrolprices.com Data Trackers Placed on current
Generator Work Time			Generators on site	generators at three

Annual projections estimated using data collected through on-site trackers placed on generators

Takeaways

Usage statistics, run/idle time, power consumption, etc.

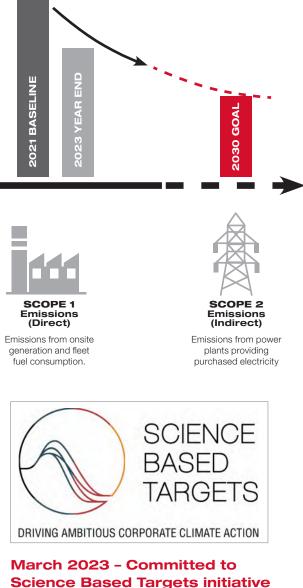
Generators on site can operate for ~9.8 hours at 50% load (from full tank). **Fuel Consumption** = 0.63 gallon/hr

generators at three (3) jobsites



GOALS AND TARGETS

Reduce Scope 1 and 2 GHG Emissions by 60% by 2030



(SBTi) for Scope 3 Emissions



SHORT TERM GOALS

COMPLETED

Established baseline for 60% reduction target for Scope 1 & 2 by 2030

COMPLETED

Committed to setting Science-Based Target Initiative (SBTI)

- Reduce Scope 1 and 2 GHG Emissions by 60% by 2030
- Ensure full compliance with climaterelated frameworks and regulations
- Increase renewable energy usage throughout our operations

MEDIUM TERM GOALS

IN PROGRESSGreen energy procurementIN PROGRESSOnsite energy efficiency
improvement (ongoing)IN PROGRESSSet targets for waste
diversion from landfill

2022 — More than 90% of the electricity used in MILWAUKEE's Wisconsin facilities is procured through renewable sources.

2023 — Renewable Energy purchased for all Distribution Facilities in Olive Branch, MS (TVA Green Flex Program)

2024 —We expanded our participation in the TVA Green Flex program to include two additional facilities in Tennessee.